AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 24, 2006

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005-06 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2125

Introduced by Assembly Member Vargas

February 21, 2006

An act to amend Sections—662, 673, 677, 923.5, 1215.13,—1658, 1676, 1707,—1729, 1733, 1749, 1775.4, 1808, 11558, and 11629.85—of the Insurance Code, and to add Sections 1064.13,—1727.5, and 11549 to, the Insurance Code, and to amend Section 12253 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to insurance.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2125, as amended, Vargas. Insurance.

Existing law regulates the business of insurance.

This bill would make numerous changes in the law regulating insurance. Among other things, it would revise provisions relating to cancellation and reinstatement of financed insurance, modify insurer liquidation procedure, and change the definition of "commercially domiciled insurer" for purposes of regulating insurance holding companies. This bill would also grant the Insurance Commissioner the authority to collect e-mail information, allows allow the commissioner to create an examination for life agents solely for funeral and burial policies,—and—require—agents—to—maintain—copies—of—receipts, as specified. This bill would also provide for the merger of foreign and domestic mutual holding companies eliminate a minimum reserve requirement for workers' compensation carriers, as specified, require surplus lines brokers who make late monthly payments of premiums taxes to pay interest, as specified. This bill would also revise provisions that require the commissioner to prepare and propose a

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plan regarding low cost automobile insurance to the relevant Senate and Assembly committees, as specified.

This bill would also make technical, nonsubstantive changes in the law.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 662 of the Insurance Code is amended 2 to read:

3 662. No notice of cancellation of a policy to which Section 4 661 applies shall be effective unless mailed or delivered by the 5 insurer to the named insured, lienholder, or additional interest at least 20 days prior to the effective date of cancellation; provided, however, that where cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, 8 at least 10 days' notice of cancellation accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given. Unless the reason accompanies or is 10 included in the notice of cancellation, the notice of cancellation shall state or be accompanied by a statement that upon written 12 request of the named insured, mailed or delivered to the insurer 13 not less than 15 days prior to the effective date of cancellation, 14 the insurer will specify the reason for such cancellation.

This section shall not apply to nonrenewal. Subdivision (a) of Section 1013 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall apply if the notice is mailed.

SEC. 2.

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SECTION 1. Section 673 of the Insurance Code is amended

673. (a) As used in this section, "exercise the right to cancel" means the act of formally electing to use the right of the insured to cancel any insurance policy in accordance with and subject to the provisions of that policy when the right to use that right of the insured has been transferred or assigned by the insured in writing executed by, or on behalf of, the insured to a lender who has advanced to the insurer the premium for the policy. The transfer or assignment may be by power of attorney or other document. The transfer or assignment may, but need not, be accompanied by an assignment of any unearned premium due the insured on cancellation.

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(b) No lender shall exercise the right to cancel a financed insurance policy because of the default of the insured under a premium payment loan agreement except in accordance with this section.

- (c) Written notice of the exercise of the right to cancel shall be mailed by the lender to the insurer and to the insured at the address shown on the premium payment loan agreement or his or her last known address, specifying a date five days or more after the date of mailing of such notice as the effective date of cancellation. Any insurer may, in writing delivered to the lender, waive, generally or specifically, the right to receive such notice or notices. A copy of such notice may be mailed to the producer of record if known to the lender, but failure to do so shall not affect any rights granted by this section. This subdivision shall not apply to an industrial loan company.
- (d) An industrial loan company shall, in giving the insured 10 days' notice of its intent to cancel pursuant to Section 18608 of the Financial Code, furnish a copy of such notice to the insurance agent or insurance broker indicated on the premium finance agreement. After expiration of the 10-day period, the industrial loan company may thereafter, in the name of the insured, cancel the insurance contract or contracts by mailing to the insurer a written notice of cancellation, and the insurance contract shall be canceled as if the notice of cancellation had been submitted by the insured person, but without requiring the return of the insurance contract or contracts. The industrial loan company shall also mail a notice of cancellation, setting forth the effective date of cancellation of the finance insurance contract, to the insured at his or her last known address and to the insurance agent or insurance broker indicated on the premium finance agreement. For the purposes of this subdivision, the words "premium finance agreement" shall have the same meaning as that specified in Section 18564 of the Financial Code.
- (e) A written exercise of that right containing a confirmation of the effective date of cancellation shall be mailed by the lender to the insurer within five days following that effective date of cancellation specified in the notice described in subdivision (c) unless the insured has cured any and all defaults. Cancellation shall be effective on the financed insurance policy without requiring the return of the insurance policy or insurance policies,

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except as provided in subdivisions (f) and (g), on the confirmation date specified in the written exercise of that right. This subdivision shall not apply to an industrial loan company.

- (f) All statutory, regulatory, and contractual restrictions providing that the financed insurance policy may not be canceled unless notice is given to a governmental agency, mortgagee, or other third party shall apply where cancellation is effected under this section. The insurer shall give the prescribed notice on behalf of itself or the insured to any governmental agency, mortgagee, or other third party on or before the fifth business day after the day it receives the written exercise of cancellation right containing confirmation of the cancellation date from the lender, as provided in subdivision (e), or a written notice of cancellation from an industrial loan company, pursuant to subdivision (d), and shall, for the purpose of the notice, determine the effective date of cancellation as to those persons mentioned in this subdivision only, taking into consideration the number of days' notice required to complete the cancellation.
- (g) Whenever such a financed insurance policy is canceled by any party for any reason:
- (1) The insurer shall, in accordance with the written agreements of which it has notice, return to the lender such unearned premiums as are due to the lender. The amount of the return premiums shall be based upon the confirmed date of cancellation specified in subdivision (e), or upon the written notice of cancellation specified in subdivision (d) in the case of an industrial loan company, lessened by the amount, if any, to compensate equitably the insurer for carrying the risk of loss as to any governmental agency, mortgagee, or other parties specified in subdivision (f) from that date to the effective date of cancellation as to those parties.
- (2) When a financed insurance policy is canceled, or the insured discontinues payments to a lender, the insurer shall calculate the return premium on a pro rata basis. This paragraph shall not apply to any policy issued under an assigned risk plan or to any policy with respect to which the insurer has made a loan to the insured for the purposes of payment of premiums for the policy.
- (h) The commissioner may amend the rules and regulations of any assigned risk plan, fair plan, or similar plan to provide for the

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equitable assignment of insurance risks among insurers now in existence or hereafter established, in such manner as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

- (i) A lender which sends a written exercise of cancellation right or a written notice of cancellation to an insurer, as provided in subdivision (c), or subdivision (d) in the case of an industrial loan company, thereby represents that he or she has a valid right so to do and to receive the unearned premium. If the lender thereby accomplishes the cancellation and receives an unearned premium, such representation shall be conclusive as between the insurer and the lender. An insurer relying upon the written exercise of that right containing a confirmation of cancellation date and giving, when applicable, notice as required by subdivision (e), shall be relieved from complying with any other duty or form of cancellation required by this code.
- (j) This section shall not apply where the insurer exercises its own right to cancel the policy for nonpayment of premium, direct or indirect, or otherwise. Such a cancellation shall be subject to all applicable provisions of the policy, this code, except this section, and any rights of the lender of which the insurer has written notice.
- (k) Whenever a lender or industrial loan company cancels a policy as described in this section and then requests the insurer to reinstate the policy, the insurer shall provide written notice by mail to the insured, agent/broker, and lender or industrial loan company within 15 days that the reinstatement has been accepted or rejected.
- (*l*) This section shall apply only to contracts entered into between an insured and a lender on or after January 1, 1974.

SEC. 3.

- 31 SEC. 2. Section 677 of the Insurance Code is amended to 32 read:
 - 677. (a) All notices of cancellation shall be in writing, mailed to the named insured at the address shown in the policy, or to his or her last known address, and shall state, with respect to policies in effect after the time limits specified in Section 676, (1) which of the grounds set forth in Section 676 is relied upon, and, in accordance with the requirements of subdivisions (a) and (e) of Section 791.10, and (2) the specific information supporting the cancellation, the specific items of personal and privileged

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1 information that support those reasons, if applicable, and 2 corresponding summary of rights.

(b) For purposes of this section, a lienholder's copy of those notices shall be deemed mailed if, with the lienholder's consent, it is delivered by electronic transmittal, facsimile, or personal delivery.

SEC. 4.

SEC. 3. Section 923.5 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

923.5. Each insurer transacting business in this state shall at all times maintain reserves in an amount estimated in the aggregate to provide for the payment of all losses and claims for which the insurer may be liable, and to provide for the expense of adjustment or settlement of losses and claims.

The reserves shall be computed in accordance with regulations made from time to time by the commissioner. The promulgation of the regulations by the commissioner, or any changes thereto or amendments thereof, shall be in accordance with the procedure provided in Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. The commissioner shall make the regulations upon reasonable consideration of the ascertained experience and the character of such kinds of business for the purpose of adequately protecting the insured and securing the solvency of the insurer.

With respect to liability and common carrier liability insurance, the regulations shall be consistent with Section 11558.

The commissioner may prescribe the manner and form of reporting pertinent information concerning the reserves provided for in this section.

This section shall not apply to life insurance, title insurance, disability insurance, mortgage insurance, or mortgage guaranty insurance.

SEC. 5.

34 SEC. 4. Section 1064.13 is added to the Insurance Code, to 35 read:

1064.13. (a) Upon receipt of a notice of liquidation the commissioner shall cease imposing, billing or collecting fees and assessments against the subject company pursuant to this code.

(b) Upon receipt of a notice of conservation or administrative supervision the commissioner may cease to impose, bill, or

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collect fees against the subject company pursuant to this code. Following the date the order has been lifted the commissioner may once again impose, bill, or collect fees against the subject company.

- (c) Upon receipt of a notice of liquidation all outstanding invoices, billings or assessments pursuant to this code prior to the date of the notice shall be cancelled.
- (d) Upon issuance of a notice of conservation or administrative supervision, outstanding amounts due from the subject company imposed prior to the date of the conservation or administrative supervision, may be held in abeyance and remain unpaid until the conservation or administrative supervision is terminated. Late filing fees accrued pursuant to Section 12995 of this code shall not be imposed.
- (e) If it is determined that an insurer is in any of the conditions enumerated in Section 1011, and it is determined that all available funds are needed to pay policyholders, the commissioner may suspend the imposition of fees or assessments until the condition of the insurer has improved to the extent where payment of fees or assessments will not harm policyholders.

SEC. 6.

- SEC. 5. Section 1215.13 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1215.13. (a) For the purposes of this article only, every foreign insurer, except an insurer described in Article 2 (commencing with Section 12350) of Chapter 1 of Part 6 of Division 2, that is authorized to do business in this state and that, during its three preceding fiscal years taken together, or during any lesser period of time if it has been licensed to transact its business in California only for such lesser period of time, has written an average of more direct premiums in the State of California than it has written in its state of domicile during the same period, and those direct premiums written constitute 33 percent or more of its total direct premiums written everywhere in the United States for that three-year or lesser period, as reported in its three most recent annual statements, shall be deemed a "commercially domiciled insurer" within the State of California.

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 (b) The commissioner may exempt from the provisions of this article any commercially domiciled insurer made subject to this article by subdivision (a) if he or she determines that it has a sufficiently large amount of assets and the evidences of title thereto physically located in California, or that the ratio of those assets to its California policyholder liability is sufficiently large, as to justify the conclusion that there is no reasonable danger that the operations or conduct of the business of the insurer could present a danger of loss to California policyholders. The commissioner may also exempt from the provisions of this article any commercially domiciled insurer made subject to this article by subdivision (a) under the circumstances that he or she deems appropriate.

- (c) This section does not exempt any foreign insurer that is authorized to do business in this state, including a commercially domiciled insurer, from the provisions of any other sections of this article that may be applicable to the insurer.
- SEC. 7. Section 1658 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1658. Each application filed by a natural person for a license shall contain the residence address, the principal business address, the mailing address, and an electronic mailing address of the applicant. Each application for an organization license shall contain the principal business address, the mailing address, and an electronic mailing address of the applicant.

SEC. 8.

- SEC. 6. Section 1676 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1676. (a) Except as set forth in Sections 1675 and 1679, the commissioner shall not issue a permanent license pursuant to this chapter to an applicant therefor unless the applicant has within the 12-month period next preceding the date of issue of the license taken and passed the qualifying examination for that license. This section shall not apply to a person licensed as a fire and casualty broker-agent who applies for a license as a personal lines broker-agent.
- (b) An applicant for a personal lines license pursuant to Section 1625.5 who has been continually employed by an admitted insurer or licensed fire and casualty broker-agent in a full-time position for at least three years immediately prior to

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January 1, 2001, shall be exempted, at the discretion of the commissioner, from having to take and pass an examination to obtain a personal lines license. An exempted applicant shall be required to comply with all other provisions of this article pertaining to the issuance and maintenance of a personal lines license. The curriculum board shall establish criteria, which shall be submitted to the commissioner for final approval, to allow experience or prior training to be substituted for prelicensing educational requirements for applicants applying for an exemption pursuant to this subdivision. A licensee exempted from examination pursuant to this subdivision shall remain subject to all continuing education requirements applicable to maintaining a personal lines license.

(c) An application for a personal lines license shall be submitted to the commissioner as provided for in Article 4 (commencing with Section 1652).

- (d) The commissioner may deny any application for a personal lines license as provided in Article 6 (commencing with Section 1666).
- (e) In addition to the application, any applicant for a personal lines license seeking exemption from the examination provisions of this chapter shall also submit, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, or if a form is not prescribed, in letter or resumé form, information that will permit the commissioner to determine whether the previous experience of the applicant for a personal lines license warrants an exemption from having to take an examination to obtain a license.
- (f) The commissioner shall require an applicant for a personal lines license to take an examination to obtain a license if the commissioner determines that the applicant has failed to demonstrate that previous experience warrants an exemption from examination. In the absence of making that determination, the request for exemption from examination shall be granted.
- (g) This section shall not be applicable to any applicant for a nonresident license pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1639.
- (h) This section shall not be applicable to any applicant for a personal lines license who has been refused a license or has had a license suspended or revoked by the commissioner.
- (i) An applicant for a personal lines license pursuant to Section 1625.5 who seeks an exemption from an examination to obtain a

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license shall submit a request to that effect to the commissioner.

- 2 An applicant who does not submit an application on or before
- December 31, 2001, shall be required to take an examination to obtain a license.
 - (j) An applicant for a life agent license pursuant to Section 1626 who is limited by the terms of a written agreement with an insurer which has filed on that life agent's behalf a notice of appointment with the commissioner to transact only specific life insurance policies or annuities having an initial face amount of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or less that are designated by the purchaser for the payment of funeral and burial expenses, shall not be required to take the full life agent examination to obtain a license. The applicant shall be required to take an examination developed to test their knowledge of topics relevant to the type of policies that they are restricted to sell.

SEC. 9.

- SEC. 7. Section 1707 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1707. Except as otherwise provided in Section 1704.5, each notice of appointment or notice of termination of appointment filed pursuant to this article shall be filed on forms prescribed by the commissioner within 15 days of appointment or termination.
- SEC. 10. Section 1727.5 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:
- 1727.5. Every individual licensed to sell insurance who issues a receipt as proof of payment shall maintain a copy of the receipt as required by Section 1727. The following information shall be included on all receipts:
 - (a) A control number.
 - (b) Date and time the receipt was issued.
- (c) Printed name of payor.
- 32 (d) Amount of payment.
 - (e) Type of insurance, policy number, or binder number.
- 34 (f) Type of payment such as, but not limited to, down payment35 or monthly payment.
 - (g) Method of payment such as, but not limited to, eash, eheck, money order, or credit card.
- 38 (h) Agent's printed name, address, phone number and license number.

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(i) Signature and printed name of person receiving the payment from payor.

- SEC. 11. Section 1729 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1729. Every licensee and every applicant for a license shall immediately notify the commissioner in writing of any change in his or her address, including any changes in licensee's or applicant's electronic mailing address, as given to the commissioner pursuant to Sections 1658 and 1728.

SEC. 12.

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- SEC. 8. Section 1733 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1733. All funds received by any person acting as an insurance agent, broker, or solicitor, life agent, life analyst, surplus line broker, special lines surplus line broker, motor club agent, bail agent, permittee, administrator as defined in Section 1759, or solicitor, as premium or return premium on or under any policy of insurance or undertaking of bail, are received and held by that person in his or her fiduciary capacity. Any such person who diverts or appropriates those fiduciary funds to his or her own use is guilty of theft and punishable for theft as provided by law. Any premium that a premium financer agrees to advance pursuant to the terms of a premium finance agreement shall constitute fiduciary funds as defined in this section only if actually received by a person licensed in one or more of the capacities herein specified.

SEC. 13.

- SEC. 9. Section 1749 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1749. The department shall require all new applicants for license as a fire and casualty broker-agent, personal lines broker-agent, or as a life agent to meet prelicensing education standards as follows:
- (a) Require a minimum of 40 hours of prelicensing classroom study as a prerequisite to qualification for a fire and casualty broker-agent license. The curriculum for satisfying this requirement shall be approved by the curriculum board and submitted to the commissioner for final approval. Any additions to the minimum requirements provided by this section shall be

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approved by the curriculum board pursuant to Section 1749.1 and certified by the department.

- (b) Require a minimum of 20 hours of prelicensing classroom study as a prerequisite for qualification for a personal lines broker-agent license. The curriculum for satisfying this requirement shall be approved by the curriculum board and submitted to the commissioner for final approval. Any additions to the minimum requirements provided by this section shall be approved by the curriculum board pursuant to Section 1749.1 and certified by the department.
- (c) Require a minimum of 40 hours of prelicensing classroom study as a prerequisite for qualification for a life agent license. The curriculum for satisfying this requirement shall be approved by the curriculum board and submitted to the commissioner for final approval. Any additions to the minimum requirements provided by this section shall be approved by the curriculum board pursuant to Section 1749.1 and certified by the department. This curriculum shall also include instruction in workers' compensation and general principles of employers' liability.
- (d) In addition to the 40 hours prelicensing education required to qualify for a license as a fire and casualty broker-agent or life agent, or the 20 hours prelicensing education required to qualify for a license as a personal lines broker-agent, the department shall require 12 hours of study on ethics and this code. Where an applicant seeks a license for both the fire and casualty broker-agent license and the life license, the applicant shall only be required to complete one 12-hour course on ethics and this code. The curriculum for satisfying this requirement shall be approved by the curriculum board and submitted to the commissioner for final approval.
- (e) An applicant for a life agent license, a fire and casualty broker-agent license, or a personal lines broker-agent license who is currently licensed as such in another state and who has completed 40 hours of prelicensing education as a requirement for licensing in that state shall be required to complete only the course of study on ethics and the Insurance Code, as required by Section 1749. Additionally, any applicant for such a license holding one or more of the designations specified in subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, of Section 1749.4 shall be exempted from

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any requirement for courses in general insurance that would otherwise be a condition of issuance of the license.

- (f) An applicant for a fire and casualty broker-agent license who is licensed as a personal lines agent shall complete a minimum of 20 hours prelicensing classroom study as a prerequisite. The curriculum for satisfying this requirement shall be approved by the curriculum board and submitted to the commissioner for final approval. The applicant shall not be required to repeat any prelicensing requirements completed as a prerequisite to being licensed as a personal lines agent.
- (g) Prelicensing certificates of completion expire three years from the completion date of the course, whether or not a license is issued.

SEC. 14.

SEC. 10. Section 1775.4 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

1775.4. (a) The amount of the payment shall be 3 percent of the gross premiums less return premiums upon business done by the surplus line broker under the authority of his or her license during the calendar month ending two calendar months immediately preceding the due date of the payment, as specified in Section 1775.3, excluding gross premiums and return premiums paid by him or her upon business governed by the provisions of Section 1760.5. If during any calendar month those return premiums upon business done by a surplus line broker exceed the gross premiums upon the business done by him or her in that calendar month, then no payment shall be payable by him or her in respect to that calendar month, and he or she may carry forward that excess to the next succeeding calendar month or months and apply it in reduction of the taxable premiums on business done by him or her in that succeeding calendar month or months. Even though no payment shall be payable by the broker, he or she shall file a return showing that his or her return premiums exceeded his or her gross premiums.

(b) In determining the applicability of subdivision (a) of Section 1775.1 to a surplus line broker who has acquired the business of another surplus line broker, the amount of tax liability of the acquired broker for the immediately preceding calendar year shall be added to the amount of the tax liability of the acquiring broker for the immediately preceding calendar year.

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(c) All amounts paid, other than penalties and interest, shall be allowed as a credit on the annual tax imposed by Section 1775.5.

- (d) If the total amount of monthly installment payments for any calendar year exceeds the amount of annual tax for that year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of annual tax and be allowed as a credit or refund.
- (e) A penalty of 10 percent of the amount of the monthly payment due shall be levied upon and paid by any surplus line broker who fails to make the necessary payment within the time required, plus interest at the rate of 1 percent per calendar month or fraction thereof from the due date of the payment until the date payment is received by the commissioner, but not for any period after the due date of the annual tax. The penalty and interest shall be applied as prescribed in Section 12636.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. The commissioner may remit the penalty in a case where he or she finds, as a result of examination or otherwise, that the failure of, or delay in, payment arose out of excusable mistake or excusable inadvertence.
- (f) For any part of a payment required that was not made within the time required by law, when the nonpayment or late payment was due to fraud on the part of the taxpayer, a penalty of 25 percent of the amount unpaid shall be added thereto, in addition to all other penalties otherwise imposed.
- (g) The commissioner, upon a showing of good cause, may extend for not to exceed 10 days the time for making a monthly payment. The extension may be granted at any time, provided that a request therefor is filed with the commissioner within or prior to the period for which the extension may be granted. Any surplus line broker to whom an extension is granted shall, in addition to the monthly payment, pay interest at the rate of 1 percent per month, or fraction thereof, from the due date until the annual tax due date.

SEC. 15.

- SEC. 11. Section 1808 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 1808. (a) Annual notices of intention to keep licenses in force or applications for renewal of licenses, as the case may be, may be filed on or before June 30th of each year upon payment of the fees for filing specified in Section 1811.

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Upon failure to file such notice or application as provided in subdivision (a), the license shall expire on July 1st, but the holder may file an application for a new license. Until June 30th next succeeding the fee shall be twice that specified in Section 1811 for such filing.

(c) No notice or application shall be deemed filed within the meaning of this section unless the document itself has been actually delivered to, and the proper fee for its filing has been paid at, the office of the commissioner during office hours, or unless both such document and fee have been filed and remitted pursuant to Sections 11002 and 11003 of the Government Code. SEC. 16.

SEC. 12. Section 11549 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:

- 11549. (a) Pursuant to this section, a mutual holding company may merge into a foreign mutual holding company that is domiciled in a state to which the converted insurer has transferred its domicile or will transfer its domicile concurrently with the merger. The merger shall be effected pursuant to an agreement of merger between the mutual holding company and the foreign mutual holding company in accordance with the General Corporation Law, to the extent not inconsistent with this section. The merger shall take effect upon filing the agreement of merger with the California Secretary of State after compliance with the following:
- (1) Approval of the agreement of merger by a resolution of the majority of the board of directors of the mutual holding company and signing of the agreement of merger by the parties thereto.
- (2) Approval of an amendment to the converted insurer's plan of conversion in accordance with Section 11547 by a resolution of the majority of the board of directors of the converted insurer in order to reflect appropriately the merger and transfer of domicile.
- (3) Submission of the agreement of merger and the amendment to the commissioner for consent in writing.
- (4) Approval of the agreement of merger by a majority of the members of the mutual holding company who vote at a meeting called for that purpose.
- (5) Approval of the amendment by a majority of the members of the mutual holding company who were members of the

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converted insurer and were entitled to vote on the original plan of conversion approved pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 11536 and who vote at a meeting called for the purpose.

- (6) Filing of the agreement of merger in the office of the commissioner after having been consented to and approved as contemplated by paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5).
- (b) The submission to the commissioner prescribed in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) shall be accompanied by a filing fee of eight thousand one hundred dollars (\$ 8,100.00), evidence that the foreign mutual holding company that will survive the merger is qualified as a foreign corporation under the General Corporation Law, and any other relevant information that the commissioner may require.
- (c) The meetings of members prescribed in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (a) and shall be called by the board of directors, the chairperson of the board, or the president of the mutual holding company, and may be combined at a single meeting with separate voting by those eligible to vote on the matters referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) of subdivision (a). Notice of the meeting shall be given by mail to members entitled to vote at the meeting at least 30 days prior to the date set for the meeting. Voting shall be by ballot, in person, or by proxy. A quorum for each such matter consists of 5 percent of the members of the mutual holding company entitled to vote at the meeting on such matter.
- (d) The commissioner shall consent to any proposed merger and amendment if he or she determines that the merger will be fair and equitable to the mutual holding company and its members.

SEC. 17.

SEC. 13. Section 11558 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

11558. The minimum reserve requirements prescribed by the commissioner in regulations promulgated pursuant to Section 923.5 for outstanding losses and loss expenses for each of the most recent three years for coverages included in the lines of business described in the annual statement as liability other than automobile bodily injury and automobile liability bodily injury shall be not less than

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60 percent of earned premiums during each year less the amount already paid for losses and expenses incidental thereto incurred during each such year.

The commissioner may prescribe the manner and form of reporting pertinent information concerning the reserves provided for in this section.

SEC. 18.

SEC. 14. Section 11629.85 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

11629.85. (a) On or before March 1 of each year, the commissioner shall prepare and propose a plan to the Senate Committee on Banking, Finance, and Insurance and the Assembly Committee on Insurance setting forth the methods the commissioner intends to implement to inform households eligible for the program about the availability of low-cost automobile insurance. To be eligible for funding through the budget process, the plan shall be reviewed by the Senate Committee on Banking, Finance, and Insurance and the Assembly Committee on Insurance. The information required under subdivision (c) shall also be provided to the Senate Committee on Transportation and Housing and the Assembly Committee on Transportation.

- (b) The plan shall include, at a minimum, a brief description of methods proposed to be used, anticipated costs, sources of revenue, goals, targets, objectives, and a justification of the proposed methods. The plan shall also explain how the department proposes to work in cooperation with the California Automobile Assigned Risk Plan, the social service departments in eligible counties, the Department of Motor Vehicles, and community-based organizations in order to inform eligible households of the existence of the program.
 - (c) The plan shall also include all of the following:
- (1) The commissioner's determination regarding whether the program has been successful, based on the criteria specified in subdivision (d), and an explanation regarding that success or lack thereof.
- (2) In cooperation with the California Automobile Assigned Risk Plan, structural characteristics of the program that may require statutory revision in order for the program to succeed or to improve upon existing success.

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(3) Impediments to success of the program that can reasonably be overcome by revision to the strategies adopted by the department.

- (4) A detailed explanation of the department's use for the program of funds assessed pursuant to Section 1872.81.
- (5) For the previous calendar year, a list of the total low-cost auto premium for each county in which the program was available.
- (6) The most recent annual report to the Legislature on the status of the low-cost automobile insurance program from the California Automobile Assigned Risk Plan.
 - (d) The program is successful if the following occur:
- (1) The program generated sufficient premiums to cover losses incurred under policies issued under the program, and expenses incurred by the program, as calculated pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 11629.72.
- (2) The program served the public purpose of offering access to automobile insurance to otherwise underserved communities in the program areas.
- (3) The program offered access to automobile insurance to previously uninsured motorists seeking affordable coverage in the program areas.
- (e) Any written or oral advertisements, including, but not limited to, paid or unpaid commercial or noncommercial advertising, by the department with reference to the low-cost automobile insurance program shall reference the department and shall not reference the commissioner by name or office, or include the commissioner's voice, image, or likeness. The department shall not participate with any nongovernmental entity that produces or intends to produce advertisements or educational material that include the name of the commissioner or his or her voice, image or likeness, and that are intended to make eligible households aware of the existence of low-cost automobile insurance.
- SEC. 19.
- 36 SEC. 15. Section 12253 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is 37 amended to read:
- 38 12253. Each insurer required to make prepayments shall 39 remit them on or before each of the dates of April 1st, June 1st, 40 September 1st and December 1st of the current calendar year.

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- Remittances for prepayments shall be made payable to the Controller and shall be delivered to the office of the commissioner, accompanied by a prepayment form prescribed by
- 4 the commissioner.